

FAAST FLEX™ DOUBLE KNOCK AND REDUNDANCY APPLICATION NOTE

Preface

This Application Note outlines the use of FAAST FLEX Aspirating Smoke Detector (ASD) for double knock (coincidence detection) and redundancy configurations.

**Note!**

The information contained in this Application Note should be used in conjunction with local fire codes and standards.

Where applicable, other regional industry practices should also be adhered to.

Contents

1	Introduction.....	1
2	Double Knock / Redundant Designs	1
3	Applications	1
4	Commissioning and Maintenance	2
5	Further Support	2
	Disclaimer on The Provision of General System Design Recommendations	3

1 Introduction

The FAAST FLEX detector Dual Channel Model (FLX-020 EN and FLX-020-CH China) can be arranged for double knock (coincidence detection) or redundancy configurations. The double knock configuration is used to provide verification of alarm signals to avoid unwanted false alarms and unnecessary discharge of extinguishing agent whereas redundant designs provide supplementary detection to ensure that the loss of one detector does not remove protection from the risk.

It is important to differentiate the two requirements (coincidence and redundancy) to ensure selection of the most appropriate methodology.

2 Double Knock / Redundant Designs

Subject to meeting the requirements of local installation and commissioning codes and standards for the Aspirated Smoke Detectors, the **FAAST FLEX detector Dual Channel Model** may be deployed for double knock (coincidence) or redundancy detection applications. The examples of common arrangements are shown below:

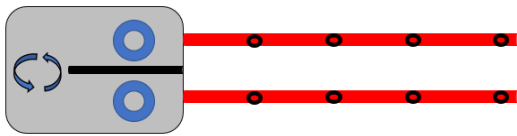


Figure 1: Double Knock Configuration

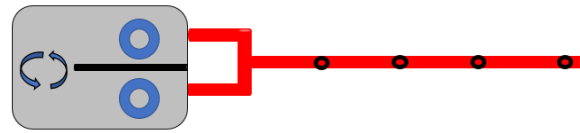


Figure 2: Redundant Configuration

- Figure 1 – Double Knock (Coincidence) Detection: independent detector modules and sampling pipes with sampling holes adjacent to each other on both pipes.
- Figure 2 – Redundant Detection: two detector modules connected to a common sampling pipe.



Note!

The information contained in this Application Note should be used in conjunction with local fire codes and standards.

Where applicable, other regional industry practices should also be adhered to.

3 Applications

- Suppression release applications
- Art storage / Museums
- Electrical Rooms
- High Value Storage Warehouse
- Pharmaceutical Storage
- Dry Pipe Sprinkler Systems
- Hospital Operating Theatres
- Indoor Live Fire (Ammunition) Facilities
- Portable Switch Rooms
- Small Data Rooms

4 Commissioning and Maintenance

The Commissioning process is designed to check and validate the FAAST FLEX system such as the performance and sample pipe network integrity. Smoke tests are used to test the following:

- System performance for both smoke detection and suppression actuation.
- Verification of PipelQ smoke transport times or pre-engineered designs.
- Alarm (Fire, fault) signal relay to Fire Indicating Panels (FIP).

5 Further Support

Contact an Xtralis office or distributor for further information.

Disclaimer on The Provision of General System Design Recommendations

Any recommendation on system design provided by Xtralis is an indication only of what is considered to be the most suitable solution to meet the needs of the common application environments described.

In some cases, the recommendations on system design provided may not suit the unique set of conditions experienced in a particular application environment. Xtralis has made no inquiry nor undertaken any due diligence that any of the recommendations supplied will meet any particular application. Xtralis makes no warranty as to the suitability or performance of any recommendation on system design. Xtralis has not assessed the recommendation on system design for compliance with any codes or standards that may apply nor have any tests been conducted to assess the appropriateness of any recommendations on system design to a particular application environment.

Any person or organization accessing or using a recommendation on system design should, at its own cost and expense, procure that the recommendation on system design complies in all respects with the provision of all legislation, acts of government, regulations, rules and by-laws for the time being in force and all orders or directions which may be made or given by any statutory or any other competent authority in respect of or affecting the recommendation on system design in any jurisdiction in which it may be implemented.

Xtralis products must only be installed, configured and used strictly in accordance with the General Terms and Conditions, User Manual and product documents available from Xtralis. Xtralis accepts no liability for the performance of the recommendation on system design or for any products utilized in the implementation of the recommendation on system design, aside from the General Terms and Conditions, User Manual and product documents.

No statement of fact, drawing or representation made by Xtralis either in this document or orally in relation to this recommendation on system design is to be construed as a representation, undertaking or warranty.

To the extent permitted by law, Xtralis excludes liability for all indirect and consequential damages however arising. For the purposes of this clause, 'consequential damage' shall include, but not be limited to, loss of profit or goodwill or similar financial loss or any payment made or due to any third party.

Recommendations on system design are provided exclusively to assist in design of system using Xtralis products. Copyright and any associated intellectual property in any such recommendations on system design or documentation remains the property of Xtralis.